

Problems of chapter 14

4

$$\textcircled{\text{ball}} \rightarrow 162 \text{ km/h}$$

$$m = 147.5 \text{ g}$$

$$\Delta U = \text{kinetic Energy} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\text{but } v = 162 \text{ km/h} = 162 \times \frac{1000}{3600} = 45 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta U = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(0.1475 \text{ kg})(45)^2 = \boxed{149 \text{ J}}$$

10

$$\text{Heat Capacity} = \frac{Q}{\Delta T} = \frac{mc \cancel{\Delta T}}{\cancel{\Delta T}} = mc$$

specific heat capacity

$$= (20 \text{ kg})(235 \text{ J/kg}^\circ\text{C}) = \boxed{4.7 \times 10^3 \text{ J/}^\circ\text{C}}$$

12

$$Q = 125.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$$m = 500 \text{ grams} = 0.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$Q = mc \Delta T \rightarrow \Delta T = \frac{Q}{mc} = \frac{125.6 \times 10^3 \text{ J}}{(0.5 \text{ kg})(4.186 \text{ J/kg}^\circ\text{K})}$$

$$\Delta T = 60^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T = 22 + 60 = \boxed{82^\circ\text{C}}$$

(20) $Q = mc\Delta T$

$$Q = (50 \text{ kg}) \underbrace{(3.5 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K})}_{\text{Specific heat}} (38.4 - 37)$$

$$Q = 250 \text{ kJ}$$

(30)

$$V = 1.0 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T_1 = 3 \times 10^2 \text{ K} = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$T_2 = 400 \text{ K}$$

$$Q = 10 \text{ J}$$

$$N = ?$$

$$Q = n C_V \Delta T$$

✓
of moles

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{Q}{C_V \Delta T}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\frac{3}{2}R = 12.5 \text{ J/K}\cdot\text{mol}$$

$$\frac{10 \text{ J}}{(12.5) \left(\frac{400}{300} \right)} = 8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ moles}$$

$$N = N_A n = (6.02 \times 10^{23}) (8 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$N = 4.8 \times 10^{21} \text{ molecules}$$

(32)

$$m = 250 \text{ g}$$

Coffee

$$C = 4.186 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g} \cdot \text{K}}$$

$$T_1 = 80^\circ \text{C}$$

$$T_2 = 60^\circ \text{C}$$

$$m_{\text{ice}} = ?$$

$$Q_{\text{absorbed}} = Q_{\text{given}}$$

↓

~~m_{ice}~~

$$m_{\text{ice}} L_f + m_{\text{ice}} C_{\text{water}} (60 - 0) = m_{\text{Coffee}} C_{\text{water}} (80 - 60)$$

$$\Rightarrow m_{\text{ice}} (333.7 \times 10^3 \text{ J/kg}) + m_{\text{ice}} (4.186 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}) (60) =$$

$$- (0.25 \text{ kg}) (4.186 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}) (20)$$

Solving for m_{ice}

$$m_{\text{ice}} = 0.036 \text{ kg} = 36 \text{ grams}$$

(35)

$$m = ?$$

water

$$T_1 = 25^\circ \text{C}$$

$$T_2 = 5^\circ \text{C}$$

$$m_{\text{ice}} = 50 \text{ g}$$

$$T_{\text{ice}} = -15^\circ \text{C}$$

$$Q_{\text{absorbed}} = Q_{\text{given}}$$

$$m_{\text{ice}} C_{\text{ice}} (0 - (-15)) + m_{\text{ice}} L_f + m_{\text{ice}} C_{\text{water}} (5 - 0) =$$

$$m_{\text{water}} C_{\text{water}} (25 - 5)$$

The only unknown is $m_{\text{water}} \Rightarrow$

$$m_{\text{water}} = 461 \text{ g}$$

(48)

$$m_{\text{water lost}} = 618 \text{ mg} = 0.618 \text{ gram/minute}$$

For each kg of water to evaporate, heat loss is $L_v = 2256 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$$Q_{\text{loss}} = (0.618 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/min}) (2256 \text{ kJ/kg})$$

$$= 1.39 \text{ kJ/min} = 0.023 \text{ kJ/s}$$

$$= \boxed{23 \text{ J/s}} = 23 \text{ W}$$

(108)

$$m_{\text{gold}} = 0.25 \text{ kg} \quad T_i = 75^\circ\text{C}$$

$$m_{\text{copper}} = 1.5 \text{ kg} \quad m_{\text{water}} = 0.5 \text{ kg} \quad T_i = 22^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_{\text{final}} = ?$$

(note: 1 L of water has a mass of 1 kg.)

$$Q_{\text{given}} = Q_{\text{absorbed}}$$

$$m_{\text{gold}} C_{\text{gold}} (75 - T_{\text{final}}) = m_{\text{cu}} C_{\text{cu}} (T_{\text{final}} - 22) + m_{\text{water}} C_{\text{water}} (T_{\text{final}} - 22)$$

The only unknown is $T_{\text{final}} \Rightarrow$

$$\boxed{T_{\text{final}} = 22.6^\circ\text{C}}$$